

Advice for patients with Diabetes undergoing Endoscopic procedures

(Gastroscopy, Colonoscopy, Enteroscopy, EUS, ERCP)

This factsheet is designed to help you understand and manage your diabetes before and after your endoscopic procedure.

Adjusting your diabetic treatment

When you are undergoing an endoscopic procedure, you may need to adjust your diabetes treatment. This could upset your blood glucose levels, but please do not worry about this they should return to normal within 24 to 48 hours after the procedure.

If you normally check your blood glucose with a meter, please continue to do so. You may need to do this more often as you are preparing for the procedure especially if you feel your blood glucose levels are falling (hypoglycaemia or hypo)

Signs and symptoms of hypoglycaemia include:

Sweating Drowsiness

Shaking Light headedness

Blurred Vision Slurred speech

Extreme Hunger Muddled thinking

If your blood glucose falls below 4 mmol/L take something sugary immediately such as 3 to 5 glucose tablets and recheck your blood glucose after 10 minutes. If it remains 4 or below repeat the process.

It is important you keep clear sugary drinks such as lemonade, clear Lucozade available while taking bowel preparation to help maintain blood glucose levels.







Before a colonoscopy (or if having a gastroscopy at the same time as a colonoscopy)

If your diabetes is managed by diet alone no changes are required.

If you use tablets and/or non-insulin injectable medications

Examples of non-insulin injectables: Liraglutide, Exenatide, Dulaglutide, Lixisenatide

The day 1 and 2 before and on the day of your procedure:

OMIT all ORAL diabetic medication

STOP all NON-INSULIN injectables

After the procedure:

Once you are allowed and able to eat and drink normally, resume your usual treatment at the usual doses.

Restart SGLT2 inhibitors on the day after the procedure once eating and drinking well.

If you use insulin for diabetes, please follow the instructions relevant to your treatment:

Insulin and frequency	Day 1 and 2 before procedure	Day of procedure
Once daily (evening)	Take 50% of usual insulin dose	Take your usual dose in the
e.g. Lantus, Levemir, Tresiba,	at usual time	evening after the procedure
Abasalaglar, Insulatard or		
Humulin I, Toujeo		
Once daily (morning)	Take 50% of usual insulin dose	Take 50% of your usual dose
e.g. Lantus, Levemir, Tresiba,	at usual time	on the morning of your
Abasalagar, Insulatard or		procedure
Humulin I , Toujeo		
Twice daily	Take half of usual insulin doses	Omit morning dose. Take your
e.g. Novomix 30, Humulin M3,		usual dose in the evening after
Humalog Mix 25 or 50, Lantus,		the procedure
Levemir		
3 to 5 injections daily	Take half usual breakfast and	OMIT ALL rapid insulin
e.g. Novorapid, Humalog,	evening meal insulin doses	
Actrapid, Humulin S, Apidra,		
Fiasp with long acting insulin		

Your normal insulin dose can be resumed the day after your procedure assuming you are able to eat and drink normally.







Before a Gastroscopy, EUS, ERCP or Enteroscopy

If your diabetes is managed by diet alone no changes are required.

If you use tablets and/or non-insulin injectable medications

Examples of non-insulin injectables: Liraglutide, Exenatide, Dulaglutide, Lixisenatide

The day before:

Please take all medications as usual

On the day of a MORNING procedure:

OMIT all ORAL diabetic medications and STOP all NON-INSULIN injectables which are due in the morning.

Restart all the ORAL diabetic medications as scheduled after the procedure from lunchtime once eating and drinking well.

On the day of an AFTERNOON procedure:

Take your morning dose of usual diabetes medicines except sulphonylureas (Glimepiride, Gliclazide) and SGLT2 inhibitors (Dapagliflozin, Canagliflozin, Empagliflozin, Ertugliflozin) with a light breakfast.

OMIT all scheduled ORAL diabetic medications and STOP all NON-INSULIN injectables for lunchtime.

Restart usual dose of the sulphonylureas in the evening and SGLT2 inhibitors on the day after the procedure once eating and drinking well.







Follow instructions relevant to the insulin regime you are on:

Insulin and frequency	Day before procedure	On the day of a	On the day of an
' '	, '	MORNING procedure	AFTERNOON
		·	procedure
Once daily (morning)	Take usual dose	Take 80% of usual	Take 80% of usual
e.g. Lantus, Levemir,		insulin dose	insulin dose
Tresiba, Abasalagar,			
Insulatard or Humulin			
I, Toujeo			
Once daily (evening)	Take 80% of usual	Take usual dose in the	Take 80% of usual
e.g. Lantus, Levemir,	insulin dose at usual	evening after the	dose in the evening
Tresiba, Abasalaglar,	time	procedure	after the procedure
Insulatard or Humulin			
I, Toujeo			
Twice daily	Take usual dose	Omit morning dose.	Take half usual dose in
e.g. Novomix 30,		Take half usual dose	morning with light
Humulin M3, Humalog		with lunch after the	breakfast.
Mix 25 or 50, Lantus,		procedure	Omit lunchtime dose.
Levemir			Take usual dose in the
			evening after the
			procedure if eating
			and drinking well
3 to 5 injections daily	Take usual dose	Omit morning dose.	Take usual morning
e.g. Novorapid,		Take usual dose with	dose, but no
Humalog, Actrapid,		lunch after the	lunchtime dose
Humulin S, Apidra,		procedure	
Fiasp with long acting			
insulin			

Your normal insulin dose can be resumed the day after your procedure assuming you are able to eat and drink normally.

Diabetic patients managed by insulin pump

Please contact your specialist pump team for advice.

For further advice regarding your diabetes please contact Diabetic Nursing Team

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Your GP or NHS 111 out of hours



