

What is Dupuytren's Disease?

It is a condition of the hand and fingers where scar like tissue forms just beneath the skin in the palm. Firm nodules appear in the ligaments just beneath the skin of the palm of the hand and in some cases they extend to form cords that prevent the finger from straightening completely. The nodules and cords may be associated with small pits in the skin. Nodules over the back of the finger knuckles (Garrods knuckle pads) and lumps on the soles of the feet are seen in some people with Dupuytren's disease. The reason why this tissue becomes thickened is unknown.



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Who gets it?

- Most cases occur in middle-aged or older people
- Much more common in men than women
- It usually runs in families
- It may be more common in people who do heavy manual work
- It may be associated with diabetes, smoking and high alcohol consumption
- It is usually more common in Northern Europe.

What are the symptoms?

In mild cases there is thickening of tissues under the skin. As the disease progresses you may develop a contracture of one or more fingers. Typically, the ring finger is affected first then the little finger and middle finger. Dupuytren's contracture is not usually painful but as contractures develop you may not be able to use the affected fingers properly. Contracture of the fingers is usually slow, occurring over months and years rather than weeks.

Treatment

- There is no cure.
- In mild cases no treatment is needed. Surgery is not needed if the finger can be straightened fully.
- The condition does tend to worsen over time
- Splinting, stretching or steroid injections are not recommended.
- **Injection**- an injection of collagenase may be helpful in some cases.
- **Surgery**- It is likely to be helpful when it has become impossible to put the hand flat on the table and should be discussed with a surgeon at this stage. The surgery may be carried out under local, regional or general anaesthesia.
- Surgical options are: A minor procedure that involves using a needle to cut the contracted cord of tissue (needle fasciotomy) may be used in the early stages of the condition.
- In more severe cases, surgery can help to restore hand function. The two most common surgical techniques are an **open fasciotomy**; where the shortened connective tissue is cut to relieve tension. Or a **fasciectomy**; where the shortened connective tissue is removed

When to return to clinic

If you are not able to place your hand flat on a table top or your hand function is significantly affected you should return to your GP or MSK Team.

If you have any comments about this leaflet or the service you have received you can contact :

MSK (Musculoskeletal) Team
Calderdale Royal Hospital
Main switchboard: 01422 357171
Extension 2677

www.cht.nhs.uk

If you would like this information in another format or language contact the above.

Potřebujete-li tyto informace v jiném formátu nebo jazyce, obraťte se prosím na výše uvedené oddělení

Jeżeli są Państwo zainteresowani otrzymaniem tych informacji w innym formacie lub wersji językowej, prosimy skontaktować się z nami, korzystając z ww. danych kontaktowych

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